1874.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

From

THE OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE
CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

Dated October 27th.

Despatched

Received

No. 5471.
109, R.

Enclosure.

Submitting copy of the Rules for the remuneration of the Shanbhogs and Patels as finally introduced.

Revised Rules for Remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.

I. All official land, whether recorded as *inam* or *jodi inam*, or otherwise, shall be valued at the survey assessment of the same, less the amount of the *jodi* tax or other cesses to which it may be subject as recorded in the public accounts of the year.

II. Cash allowances from the Government Treasury, under whatever name they may be entered in the public accounts, shall be recorded at the amount so entered in the accounts of the year.

III. The sum total of the emoluments valued according to the above two rules is to be taken as the existing valuation of the emoluments of the office.

IV. The Officiating Patel and Shanbhog of each village shall hereafter receive for the performance of the duties of their offices, a remuneration in cash of at least the amount fixed by the following scale for these offices respectively.

Patels' Scale.

V. For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenues of his village, three per cent; for the second thousand or any part of it, two per cent; and for the balance of gross revenue beyond two thousand rupees, one per cent. In the case of villages where the collections do not exceed Rs. 300, he shall, in addition to the above percentages, receive a fixed annual allowance of one rupee when the gross revenue ranges from eleven to fifty rupees; of two rupees when the gross revenue ranges from 51 to 300 Rs.; or so much of it, when the gross revenue exceeds Rs. 250, as shall be required to make the salary up to but not exceed rupees ten per annum.

Shanbhogs' Scale.

VI. For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenue of the village, or villages forming a Shanbhog's charge, four per cent; for the second thousand, three per cent; for the third thousand, two per cent; for the fourth thousand, one per cent; and for the balance of gross revenue beyond four thousand rupees, one per cent.

VII. In addition to his salary the Officiating Shanbhog shall also receive an allowance for stationery as shewn in the subjoined table, and the Officiating Patel shall also receive the same allowance when he does not receive the extra allowance provided for in Rule XII.

Gross Revenue of Village		Stationery Allowance. Rs.	As.	P.
up to Rupees 20		1	0	0
21	50	2	0	0
51	100	2	8	0
101	200	3	0	0
201	350	3	8	0
351	500	4	0	0
501	700	4	8	0
701	900	5	0	0
901	1,250	5	8	0
1,251	1,500	6	0	0
1,501	1,800	6	8	0
1,801	2,000	7	0	0
2,001	2,500	7	8	0
2,501	3,000	8	0	0
3,001	3,500	8	8	0
3,501	4,000	9	0	0
4,001	4,500	9	8	0
4,501	5,000	10	0	0

Names and Shares.	Survey assessment of the land of each share.	Deduct *jodi* cess now paid on each share.	Remaining profit on each share.	Addition to *jodi* in col: 3 apportioned on profit in col: 4 for payment of officiator.	Unappropriated excess of profits, being difference between cols. 4 and 5.	Additional half *jodi* on excess in last column.	Future *jodi* cess on each share being sum of cols. 3 5 and 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Kari Basvegauda's. ...	16— 0	23— 0	...	...	...	...	23— 0
2. Nimbegauda's	69—12	46— 0	23—12	9—12	14— 0	7— 0	62—12
3. Basvegauda's	46— 8	25—12	20—12	8— 4	12— 8	6— 4	40— 4
4. Lingegauda's	118—4	89— 0	29— 4	12— 0	17— 4	8— 8	109—8
	250—8	183—12	73—12	30— 0	43—12	21—12	235—8

XXVI. In settling the amount of *jodi* to be paid upon each share, fractions of less amount than ½ rupee are not to be admitted into the accounts in accordance with the rule followed in regard to all survey assessments.

XXVII. Nothing contained in any of the preceding rules shall be considered as debarring any village hereditary officer from relinquishing his official land when so disposed; and every such officer shall, at any time, whether at or subsequent to the introduction of the settlement prescribed in these rules, be permitted to relinquish by written *Razinama* any entire field or fields into which official land may have been marked off by the Survey, and on so doing the relinquished field is immediately to be entered in the accounts as Government land, and the *jodi* tax payable by the hereditary officer is to be reduced by the full amount of the survey assessment of the relinquished fields.

XXVIII. The official land under the settlement prescribed in the foregoing rule will form no part of the remuneration of the officiator, who is to be paid wholly in cash, and the land will therefore remain in the possession of the sharers who may at present hold it.

XXIX. The charges of Shanbhogs will be redistributed so as to give each officiator as many villages as he is capable of managing. When more villages than form a sufficient charge are already in the hands of one officiator, he will be required to give up the surplus villages, for which one or more new officiators will be appointed by Government. The new officiator or officiators will be appointed from the family in which the *Hak* has been hitherto vested if a competent person can be found.

XXX. In all cases of incompetency of the officiator in direct hereditary succession, whether from age, sex, inefficiency, or any other cause, the next of kin, if competent, will be appointed; if no competent person of the family can be found, the nomination will rest with Government. Such nomination to hold good in case of a minority till the end of the year in which the minor shall attain full age (18 years); in other cases for 3 years, when the nomination will revert to the hereditary family if a competent person can be found therein.

XXXI. Any conviction of malversation in performance of official duties shall render the person convicted incompetent to officiate again, and shall deprive him, in cases of selection being vested in the members of the family, of any right to take part in such selection. It shall also be in the power of the District Officer to exclude the son of a person so convicted from any of the rights or privileges of the office so far as succession or election to the performance of the duties.

XXXII. The District Officer will be the sole judge of the competency or otherwise of the person on whom devolves the performance of the duties of an office.

XXXIII. In arranging charges, except in the case of single villages, as a rule no one officiator shall hold charge of villages with a collection of more than about Rs. 2,500, and when five or more villages are combined in one charge, no one officiator shall, as a rule, hold more villages than give a revenue of about Rs. 1,600.

XIII. The gross revenue of the village, referred to in Rules V and VI, is the whole revenue leviable for any year before deducting any remissions.

XIV. Patels and Shanbhogs shall receive their emoluments by a deduction of the amount of the same from the assessment on their *kandayam* lands, the same being adjusted at each annual jamabandi and duly shewn accordingly in the village accounts, to prevent complications. Where the assessment on their lands is insufficient for this purpose, the balance will be made up by their deducting it from the last instalment of revenue, before paying such instalment into the Taluk Treasury. In this latter event, the receipt of the Patel or Shanbhog for the amount of such balance as so deducted shall be considered equivalent to the payment into the Treasury of an equal sum in cash.

XV. The amount of quit-rent fixed on the holding of each share-holder is fixed for the term of settlement, but the total emoluments of the officiators will be revised once after ten years, and will be modified according to the same scale in proportion to the revenues of the village as then realized.

XVI. When the assessment of the occupied arable land, (exclusive of alienations) in the year in which the settlement of remuneration of Village Officers is made, exceeds five-sixths of the assessment of the entire arable land (exclusive of alienations) in any village, the gross revenue of the year will be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators.

XVII. When the assessment of the arable land, specified in the preceding rule, in occupation in the year in which the settlement of the village officiators is made, falls short of five-sixths of the gross assessment of all the arable land (exclusive of alienations) in the village, then five-sixths of such gross assessment shall be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators.

XVIII. The existing official emoluments valued as provided for in Rules I and II will be appropriated for the support of the officiator in the manner specified in the following rules, and the balance of emoluments remaining, after providing for the officiator, is to be disposed of for the future in the manner also provided for in these rules.

XIX. The emoluments derived from land as fixed by Rule I shall first be appropriated to provide the salary of the officiator.

XX. When the emoluments derived from land are insufficient to provide the salary of the officiators, the cash emoluments from the Government Treasury will next be appropriated to make up the salary of the officiator.

XXI. Any deficiency after appropriating all the emoluments from land and cash shall be made good from the Government Treasury.

XXII. Any surplus on the existing emoluments in land and cash remaining over, after providing the salary of the officiator, shall be dealt with as follows.

XXIII. If the emoluments derived from land alone are more than sufficient to provide the salary of the officiator, the surplus shall be taxed by the imposition of additional *jodi* equal to one half the profits on the above land, the profits being the difference between the *jodi* payable thereon and the full survey assessment or valuation.

XXIV. Any surplus remaining out of the cash emoluments after providing the salary of the officiator shall be at once resumed by Government.

XXV. When the official land of any office is held in shares, and these shares, with the amount of *jodi* and other cesses now payable on each, are separately recorded in the village accounts, then the additional tax imposed upon the whole official land of the office under this rule is to be apportioned on the several shares in proportion to the sum by which the full survey assessment of the land of each share exceeds the present *jodi* and other cesses payable on the same, as shewn in the following example, in which the emolument of an officiator amounts to Rs. 50—0—0.

VIII. The following table shews the amount of salary to be paid to Officiating Patels and Shanbhogs according to the preceding scale:—

Gross Revenue of the Village.	Patel's Salary.							Shanbhog's Salary.							Grand Total including Stationery Allowance.
	Percentage.				Additional Fixed Allowance.	Contingent Allowance under Rules VII or XII.	Total Salary and allowances.	Percentage.							
	Rates.			Amount.				Rates.				Amount.	Total Salary.	Stationery Allowance.	
	1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand & upwards.					1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand.	4th Thousand.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
15	3	..	...	0—12		1 1—0	1—12	4	...	...	...	0—10	1—10	1—0	2—10
25	3	...	...	0—12		1 2—0	1—12	4	...	...	...	1— 0	2— 0	2—0	4— 0
50	3	...	...	1— 8		1 2—0	2— 8	4	...	...	...	2— 0	3— 0	2—0	5— 0
75	3	...	...	2— 4		2 2—8	4— 4	4	...	..	...	3— 0	5— 0	2—8	7— 8
100	3	...	...	3— 0		2 2—8	5— 0	4	..	...	..	4— 0	6— 0	2—8	8— 8
150	3	...	...	4— 8		2 3—0	6— 8	4	...	..	...	6— 0	8— 0	3—0	11— 0
200	3	...	...	6— 0		2 3—0	8— 0	4	...	...	...	8— 0	10— 0	3—0	13— 0
300	3	...	...	9— 0		1 3—8	10— 0	4	...	...	...	12— 0	12— 0	3—8	15— 8
400	3	...	...	12— 0		... 4—0	12— 0	4	...	...	...	16— 0	16— 0	4—0	20— 0
500	3	...	...	15— 0		... 4—0	15— 0	4	...	...	...	20— 0	20— 0	4—0	24— 0
600	3	...	..	18— 0		... 4—8	18— 0	4	...	...	...	24— 0	24— 0	4—8	24— 8
700	3	...	...	21— 0		... 4—8	21— 0	4	...	...	...	28— 0	28— 0	4—8	32— 8
800	3	...	..	24— 0		... 5—0	24— 0	4	...	...	...	32— 0	32— 0	5—0	37— 0
900	3	...	..	27— 0		... 5—0	27— 0	4	...	...	..	36— 0	36— 0	5—0	41— 0
1,000	3	...	...	30— 0		... 5—8	30— 0	4	...	...	...	40— 0	40— 0	5—8	45— 8
1,100	3	2	...	32— 0		... 5—8	32— 0	4	3	...	...	43— 0	43— 0	5—8	48— 8
1,200	3	2	...	34— 0		... 5—8	34— 0	4	3	...	...	46— 0	46— 0	5—8	51— 8
1,300	3	2	...	36— 0		... 6—0	36— 0	4	3	...	...	49— 0	49— 0	6—0	55— 0
1,400	3	2	...	38— 0		... 6—0	38— 0	4	3	...	...	52— 0	52— 0	6—0	58— 0
1,500	3	2	...	40— 0		... 6—0	40— 0	4	3	...	...	55— 0	55— 0	6—0	61— 0
1,600	3	2	...	42— 0		... 6—8	42— 0	4	3	...	...	58— 0	58— 0	6—8	64— 8
1,700	3	2	...	44— 0		... 6—8	44— 0	4	3	...	...	61— 0	61— 0	6—8	67— 8
1,800	3	2	...	46— 0		... 6—8	46— 0	4	3	...	...	64— 0	64— 0	6—8	70— 8
1,900	3	2	...	48— 0		... 7—0	48— 0	4	3	...	...	67— 0	67— 0	7—0	47— 0
2,000	3	2	...	50— 0		... 7—0	50— 0	4	3	...	...	70— 0	70— 0	7—0	77— 0
2,100 & so on to	3	2	1	51— 0		... 7—8	51— 0	4	3	2	...	72— 0	72— 0	7—8	79— 8
3,000	3	2	1	60— 0		... 8—0	60— 0	4	3	2	...	90— 0	90— 0	8—0	98— 0
3,100 & so on	3	2	1	61— 0		... 8—8	61— 0	4	3	2	1	91— 0	91— 0	8—8	99— 8

IX. The salaries of officiators fixed by the preceding rule form the minimum rate of remuneration; but an addition to the fixed portion of the officiator's allowance, according to scale, will be made in certain cases specified in the following subsidiary rules.

X. When the difference between the total of existing emoluments (as found by Rules I and II) and that as fixed by Rule V or VI falls short of rupees 5 in the case of villages having a gross revenue of less than Rs. 500, and of Rs. 10 in case of villages having a gross revenue in excess of Rs. 1,000, this difference shall be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by Rule V or VI.

XI. When the total of existing emoluments is large, *viz.*, when it exceeds the salary of the officiator as fixed by Rule V or VI, 10 per cent of this excess will be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by Rule V or VI.

XII. In the case of towns, large villages, and villages in the vicinity of Railway stations, camping grounds, large marts and similar localities, the Patels of which are ordinarily called upon to perform heavy miscellaneous duties, an extra allowance not exceeding Rs. 15 per annum will be assigned to the Patel (and where there are two Officiating Patels to each Patel) in addition to the salary of the office fixed by the scales in Rule VIII.

XXXIV. In small villages where only one office, either Patel or Shanbhog, at present exists, or where both offices are vested in one person, he shall receive the full salary shewn by the Shanbhog's scale, and 50 per cent of the Patel's salary according to scale, so long as he continues to perform the duties of both offices.

XXXV. In large villages where there is no Patel, or where both offices have been vested in the same person, a Patel will be appointed by Government, or the one family holding both offices may be called upon to nominate a separate officiator for each office as may seem fit to Government.

XXXVI. By Circular Notification of the Commissioner of Mysore of the 11th September 1835, lands of village officers held on condition of service to Government are declared to be inalienable by sale, mortgage, gift or otherwise. The provisions of this Circular will be strictly enforced.

XXXVII. The remuneration of the Officiating Patels and Shanbhogs shall be fixed on the scale for each, and the sum payable to each officiator shall be his exclusive perquisite, on which no other member of the family shall have any claim.

XXXVIII. The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villages constituting their charge. No Patel or Shanbhog shall absent himself from his charge for more than seven days, without previously obtaining leave from the Amildar of the Taluk.

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 27th October 1874.

No. 5471.
109, R.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
DATED BANGALORE, *27th October* 1874.

FROM

THE OFFICIATING SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
OF MYSORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
FOREIGN DEPARTMENT,
CALCUTTA.

"Revenue."

SIR,

I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to reply to your letter, dated 10th July 1874, Revenue No. 144, relating to the provision of Rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore.

2. In that letter, His Excellency the Governor General in Council was pleased to sanction the introduction of the revised rules with certain modifications which may be thus summarized.

(*a*) That an alteration should be made in Rule XVI, now altered into XV, providing that the total emoluments of the officiators should be revised once after 10 years.

(*b*) That a lump sum of Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 should be added to the emoluments of Patels of villages situated near large marts, camping grounds, &c.

(*c*) That Rule XXXIX, now altered into Rule XXXVIII, prohibiting Patels and Shanbhogs from absenting themselves from their villages should be modified being too stringent.

3. The Chief Commissioner has conferred with the Survey Commissioner, on these three points, and desires to submit the following observations:—

In regard to point (*a*) it may possibly be expedient hereafter to revise the scale of remuneration, and the alteration proposed by His Excellency the Governor General in Council will supply Patels and Shanbhogs with some stimulus for increasing the revenue of their village by encouraging cultivation, if they are given to understand that their exertions in this respect are not altogether debarred from reward. Rule XVI, now altered into XV, therefore as modified by His Excellency in Council has been inserted in the Rules now sanctioned. I am however to observe that the rules do not, in the absence of a guarantee, throw any obstacle in the way of a revision, either general or local, before the expiration of 10 years, and that an increase in the emoluments of a few village offices owing to a large increase of revenue would be a very simple operation.

4. In reference to point (*b*) the Chief Commissioner has inserted the following Rule, in order to meet the views of His Excellency in Council.

"In the case of towns, large villages, and villages in the vicinity of Railway Stations, camping grounds, large marts, and similar localities, the Patels of which are ordinarily called upon to perform heavy miscellaneous duties, an extra allowance not exceeding Rs. 15 per annum will be assigned to the Patel (and where there are two officiating Patels, to each Patel) in addition to the salary of the office fixed by the scales in Rule IX now altered into Rule VIII."

5. To provide for point (*c*) the following Rule has been inserted.

"The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villages constituting their charge. No Patel or Shanbhog shall absent himself from his charge for more than 7 days, without previously obtaining leave from the Amildar of the taluk."

6. I am, in conclusion, to submit a copy of the Rules as finally introduced, as directed in para 5 of your letter under reply. A few unimportant amendations suggested by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner have been introduced, and the number of the Rules reduced to XXXVIII by the omission of Rule VII from the set of Rules submitted with this Office letter No. 328—R. 9 of the 11th April 1874.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

H. WELLESLEY,
Offg. Secretary.

(2)

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th January 1878.

REVENUE.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department No. 1603, dated, camp Bangalore, 17th December 1877.

I have the honor to forward for the sanction of the Chief Commissioner a letter* from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, with the statements shewing the final remuneration of the village officers of 19 villages of the Magadi Taluk of the Bangalore District, which were transferred to that Taluk from the abolished Kengeri Taluk.

*No. 915 of 27th November 1877.

2. The total remuneration required is Rs. 891—12—0 (column 3), the existing emoluments from land and cash amount to Rs. 463—10—0 (column 6), leaving Rs. 428—2—0 (column 9) to be provided from the treasury in addition to existing payments.

3. In no case are there any surplus emoluments for resumption.

4. The detailed vernacular statements are forwarded, which should be forwarded direct to the Superintendent when these proposals are sanctioned.

From the Offg. Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 915, dated Bangalore, 27th November 1877.

I have the honor herewith to forward for sanction the marginally noted papers relating to the permanent remuneration of the village officers of the 19 villages transferred from the late Kengeri Taluk to the Magadi Taluk of the Bangalore District, under the rules published in the *Mysore Gazette* of the 7th November 1874.

1 Canarese statement of remuneration of Patels.
2 Do, do of Shanbhogs.
3 Statement of extra allowances under Rule XII.
4 Abstract statement in English.

2. The collections on account of Mohatarfa and local cesses are included in the usual manner, in the gross revenue on which scale remuneration is calculated.

3. The extra allowances to Patels under Rule XII have been fixed in communication with the District Officer.

The mode of the grouping of villages as Patel's charges as directed in Chief Commissioner's order No. 11190—R. 319, dated 2nd February last, has been adopted.

1878.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE.

To

THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT COMMR., MYSORE.
„ COMMISSIONER, KUNDYDROOG DIVN.
„ DY. ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.
„ SUPT., REVENUE SURVEY.
„ DY. COMMR., BANGALORE.

Dated January 4th.

Despatched

Received

No 8502.
Rev. 101.

Sanctions the proposals submitted for the final remuneration of the village officers of 19 villages of the Magadi Taluk.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th January 1878.

No. 8502—R. 191, dated Bangaloie, 4th January 1878.

Order thereon.—The proposals submitted by the Survey Commissioner in the foregoing letter are sanctioned.

R. A. COLE,
Offg. Secretary.

—The Survey Commissioner, Mysore.
„ Commissioner of Nundydroog.
Dy. Accountant General.
Superintendent of Revenue Survey, Mysore, (with Vernacular statements.)
Dy. Commissioner of Bangalore.

Abstract statement shewing the result of the settlement of final remuneration of the Patels and Shanbhogs of the Magadi Taluk.

No.	Taluks.	Village Officers.	Total remuneration as according to rule 5.	Existing emoluments.				Mode of providing future remuneration.				Surplus existing emoluments above those shown in Cols. 2 and 3 available for dealing with them.				From column 11 remaining as shown after deducting column 12.	Remarks.
				From land.	Cash Allowance.	Total existing remuneration.	From existing emoluments.	From land.	By cash payment from the Treasury.	From existing cash emoluments.	Total.	From land.	Additional ¼ fodi on Col. 11.	Cash allowances to be stopped in future.	Total Cols. 12 and 13.		
			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
1	Magadi (19 Villages)	Patels	398	...	183	8	...	8	214	8	398	...	...	...	...	...	
		Shanbhogs	493	126	153	280	126	6	213	10	493	12	...	...	12	...	
		Total	891	126	336	463	126	14	428	18	891	12	...	...	12	...	

(2)

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th January 1878.

Revenue.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, dated Camp Bangalore, 17th December 1877.

I have the honor to forward the accompanying letter * and statements shewing the final remuneration of the Village Officers of 23 villages of the Closepet Taluk of the Bangalore District, being portion of the abolished Kengeri Taluk transferred to Closepet.

* No. 919 of 30th November 1877.

2. The total remuneration according to scale is Rs. 965 (column 3), of this the existing emoluments in land and cash provide Rs. 510—14—0 (column 6), leaving Rs. 454—2—0 (column 9) to be provided from the treasury to make good the deficiency.

3. Surplus existing emoluments there are none for resumption.

4. I beg that the Vernacular statements now forwarded may be forwarded to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, when the proposals now made have received sanction.

From the Offg. Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, dated Bangalore, 30th November 1877.

I have the honor to forward herewith papers as per margin regarding the proposals for the final remuneration of the Village Officers of 23 villages transferred from the late Kengeri Taluk to the Closepet Taluk of the Bangalore District for sanction.

1 Detailed list of Patels' remuneration in Kanarese.
2 Do Shanbhogs' do
3 Statement of extra allowances in Kanarese.
4 Abstract statement in English.

2. Collections on account of Mohatarfa and Local cess have as usual been included in the gross revenue on which scale remuneration is calculated.

3. The extra allowances to Patels and the charges of both the Patels and Shanbhogs have been fixed in communication with the District Officer.

1878.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE.

To

THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT COMMR.
" COMMR., NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.
" DY. ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.
" SUPT., REVENUE SURVEY.
" DY. COMMR., BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Dated January 4th.

Despatched

Received

No. 850 ?.
Rev. 192

Sanctions the proposals submitted for the final remuneration of the Village Officers of 23 villages of the Closepet Taluk.

No. 8508—192, dated Bangalore, 4th January 1878.

Order thereon.—The proposals submitted by the Survey Commissioner in the foregoing letter are sanctioned.

R. A. COLE.
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey Commissioner.
" Commissioner of Nundydroog.
" Deputy Accountant General.
" Superintendent, Revenue Survey, with Vernacular statements.
" Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore District.

Abstract of results of the settlement of the Patels and Shanbhogs, final remuneration compiled in the Survey Superintendent's Office.

Number.	Taluk.	Village Officers.	Total remuneration according to Rules.	Existing emoluments.			Mode of providing future remuneration.				Surplus existing emoluments above those shewn in Col. 7 and 8, and mode of dealing with them.					
				From land.	Cash allowances.	Total existing remuneration.	From existing land emoluments.	From existing cash emoluments.	By new payments from the Treasury.	Total.	From land.	Additional ½ jodi on Col. 11.	Cash allowances to be stopped in future.	Total of Columns 12 and 13.	From Col. 11 remaining as sinecure, deducting column 12.	Remarks.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Closepet, 28 villages. (portion of the late Kengeri Taluk.)	Patel.	446 12	...	196 4 0	196 4 0	...	196 4 0	250 8 0	446 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	
		Shanbhog.	513 4	17 8 0	297 2 0	314 10 0	17 8 0	297 2 0	205 10 0	518 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....		965	17 3 0	493 6 0	510 14 0	17 8 0	493 6 0	454 2 0	965 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	

// (3)

1878.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE.

To

THE SURVEY AND SETT. COMMISSIONER.
„ COMMR., NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.
„ COMMISSIONERS OF ASHTAGRAM & NAGAR DIVISIONS.
„ DY. COMMISSIONERS OF DISTRICTS.
„ SUPT. OF INAM SETTLEMENTS.

Dated March 7th

Despatched

Received

No. 10699.
229.

Approving of the proposals made by the Survey Commissioner regarding the disposal of Sarkar surplus Shanbhogs and their Inams in the Gudibanda Taluk.

(12

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th March 1878.

From the Offg. Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 765, dated, Bangalore, 15th September 1877.

With reference to your Memo No. 1197 of 8th instant, I beg to inform you that the statement for the Gudibanda Taluk shall be made out giving the temporary remuneration to the individuals who perform the duties of village accountants, *i. e.*, in nearly all cases to the village or "Sthal" Shanbhogs.

2. In calculating this remuneration should the Naukari Inam in the enjoyment of the Sarkari Shanbhogs be taken into account, this question was referred to you before, *vide* this office letter No. 538 of 10th June 1876, and your reply No. 839 of 24th June 1876, and I ask again as you subsequently gave me to understand that there was some doubt as to whether your office reply quoted above should be considered final.

Memo by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1258, dated Camp Bagalcote, 30th September 1877.

Major Anderson is requested to state what duties Sarkar Shanbhogs perform, and if possible how the office originated, are they mere Government servants appointed by Government originally or are they village Wattandars.

2. Also what duties to the "Sthal" Shanbhogs or it is assumed Village Shanbhogs perform and how, and when did their offices originate, and are they Wattandars.

From the Offg. Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 834, dated 22nd October 1877.

His Memo No. 1258 of 30th ultimo, herewith returned.

With reference to above begs to state—

1st. that "Sthal Shanbhogs" are ordinary "Village Shanbhogs" and where they exist perform duties accordingly; that this office has been in existence as far back as we have any record and that they are village Wattandars.

2nd. Where there is no village Shanbhog, the Sarkari Shanbhog performs the duties pertaining to the office of the former.

3rd. Where there is already a village Shanbhog, the Sarkari Shanbhog appears to help in the Amildar's office in the preparation of Goshvaras and other abstract statements, &c., of the villages in his charge.

4th. That there is no record of how the office of Sarkari Shanbhog originated, but the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar, informs me that he has reason to believe that in the times of the Pallegars (towards the end of last century) they were appointed to check the accounts of the village Shanbhogs and that Sarkari Shanbhogs exist in Kolar only where the Pallegars formerly ruled.

5th. That in 1843 the Superintendent, Bangalore Division, issued an order that "there was great confusion amongst the Shanbhogs and that in future there must be only one Village Shanbhog for each village, that the number of Sarkari Shanbhogs had also much increased and that one, and one only, should be appointed for each Magni, that statements should be submitted accordingly, &c., &c.," that statements were prepared and submitted in 1851, but no further action appears to have been taken in the matter.

6th. That the Sarkari Shanbhogs hold service lands in many of their villages and have done so as far back as we possess record, and therefore it is presumed that they are Wattandars.

Memo by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1392, dated, Poona, 29th October 1877.

In forwarding the above correspondence for orders, the Survey Commissioner begs to offer the following remarks:—

2. When the Sarkari Shanbhogs can be utilized for village service in consequence of there being no village or "Sthal" Shanbhog to appoint to the duties of a village, no difficulty will exist.

3. But the case will occur in which the Sarkari Shanbhogs are in excess of present requirements; if these offices were of recent creation, they might be abolished. But from the 4th and 5th paras of the Superintendent's report, it appears that these Sarkari Shanbhogs are of ancient date; the services of those who are in excess of present requirements can be turned to no account, and it seems that the best course will be to deal with their Inam under clause F of Rule VII of the Inam Rules and confirm them on half quit-rent.

4. If the above course is sanctioned, lists of the Sarkari Shanbhogs, whose services are not in future required, with their emoluments would be prepared and forwarded to the Inam Department as soon as the permanent remuneration of the village officers of the Gudibanda Taluk is settled.

(13

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th March 1878.

From the Offg. Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 237 R, dated 7th February 1878.

In returning the enclosures of your No. 8787—93 of 11th ultimo on the subject of the disposal of surplus Sarkar Shanbhogs in the Gudibanda Taluk, I have the honor to state that having consulted the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar, whose report has only now been received, I concur in the Survey Commissioner's proposal that in the case of such of the Sarkari or Hobli Shanbhogs as are found to be in excess of requirements, their Inams may be treated under F of para VIII (not VII) of the Inam Rules, and confirmed on a quit-rent which in consideration of the circumstances might be fixed at one-third.

No. 10699—229, DATED, BANGALORE, 7TH MARCH 1878.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner approves of the proposals made in paras 3 and 4 of the Survey Commissioner's memo recorded above. Rule VII appears to have been inadvertently quoted for Rule VIII.

2. Mr. Sanders considers it advisable to fix the quit-rent at half the assessment as the fractional parts below half, prescribed by the Inam Rules, are one-fourth and one-eight and not one-third.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions, for information.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Inam Superintendent.

Exd.—M A.

(14 (6)

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 17th March 1879.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 196, dated Poona, 23rd February 1879.

I have the honor to forward the accompanying proposals from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, for the permanent remuneration of the village officers of the Bangalore Taluk of the District of the same name.

2. The total remuneration of these officers according to scale is Rs. 13,264—4—0, of which Rs. 3,811—4—0 (column 4 of statement) will be provided by additional jodi on office lands and Rs. 3,456 (column 5) by existing cash emoluments ; total Rs. 7,267—4—0 (column 6), leaving the sum of Rs. 6,150—4—0 (column 9) to be provided as an additional charge upon the treasury, in part compensation for which the sum of Rs. 111 will be recovered by the stoppage of surplus cash allowances and the imposition of half jodi on surplus land emoluments existing in individual cases, which leaves the net additional cost to the State Rs. 6,039—4—0.

3. Accompanying the letter are detailed vernacular Statements, No. 1 shewing in column 21 the remuneration payable in future to each officiator in substitution of all former payments which cease entirely in future. In column 31 of the same statement is shewn the jodi in future collectible on each office lands which must be collected in full, and Statement No. 2 shews the sums collectible from each sharer in those office lands recognized in the accounts when there are now recognized sharers.

4. It must be distinctly understood that the existing cash payments shewn in column 13 of Statement No. 1 cease entirely in future, these being absorbed in the amounts entered as payable in future in column 21 which comprises the *sole and entire* remuneration of the officiator.

5. I beg that the payment of this remuneration may be sanctioned from the commencement of next year 1879—80.

6. When these proposals receive sanction, I shall be obliged by your forwarding the vernacular statements to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

From the Offg. Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 79, dated Camp Balehonnur, 31st January 1879.

I have the honor herewith to forward for sanction of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore the marginally noted papers containing the proposals for the final remuneration of village officers of the Bangalore Taluk of the District of the same name.

Statement of Patels' remuneration.
1 Do Shanbhogs' do.
1 Statement of land enjoyed of co-sharers, (Patels).
1 Do Do (Shanbhogs).
1 Statement of extra allowances to Patels.
1 Abstract Statement in English.

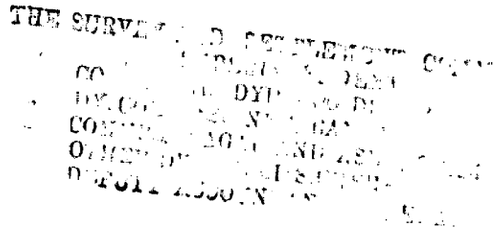
2. Patels' and Shanbhogs' charges as well as the extra allowances to Patels have been fixed in communication with the District Officer.

3. Collections on account of mohatarfa and local cess have been included in the gross revenue on which the scale remuneration is calculated.

4. Information as required by para 2 of Chief Commissioner's Order No. 5134—Rev. 113 of 7th October 1878 is as follows :—

I.	Number of villages for which proposals for remuneration are submitted	278
II.	Number of Patels fixed	239
III.	Number of Shanbhogs fixed	154
IV.	Total Revenue	Rs. 1,52,551
V.	Number of Patels and Shanbhogs to whom the amount mentioned in Column 10 of the Abstract Statement (in English) ..	393

5. I beg to suggest that orders may be obtained as to from what year the remuneration in question should be made applicable.



Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 17th March 1879.

No. 11742—Rev. 233, dated 17th March 1879.

Order.—The proposals, contained in the above letter from the Survey Commissioner, for the permanent remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs of the Bangalore Taluk, are approved and sanctioned. The permanent remuneration will commence with the official year 1879—80.

2. The value of land inam held hitherto as remuneration is Rs. 3,811-4-0. Henceforth land forms no part of the remuneration, but additional jodi on the above land, added for the remuneration of the offices to which the land was formerly applicable, yields Rs. 3,726—12—0 towards the money remuneration of the officiators, and the half jodi applied to surplus land emoluments yields Rs. 42—4—0.

3. The total permanent remuneration now sanctioned amounts to Rs. 13,264-4-0 and involves additional cost to the State over the existing temporary emoluments of Rs. 6,039—4—0.

4. Payment of the remuneration will be made under Rule XIV of the Rules for remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs, and the Deputy Commissioner should lose no time in applying and communicating to holders of Patel inam land the individual settlements as contained in the Survey Superintendent's vernacular statements which are herewith forwarded to him. The Survey Commissioner appears to be mistaken in asking that these statements should be forwarded to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

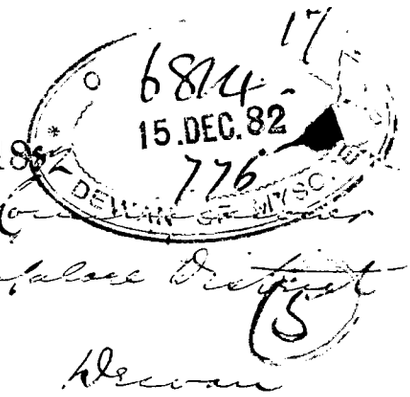
J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" " Superintendent.
" Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
" Commissioners, Nagar and Ashtagram } for
" Other Deputy Commissioners.
" Deputy Accountant General.

and Shanbhogs' Final Remuneration compiled in the Survey Superintendent's Office.

		Mode of providing future Remuneration.							Surplus existing Emoluments above those shewn in Columns 7 and 8, and Mode of dealing with them.				
		From	Cash Allowances.	Total existing Remuneration.	From existing I and Emoluments.	From existing Cash Emoluments.	By new Payments from the Treasury.	Total.	From Land.	Additional, if Joodi on Column 11.	Cash Allowances to be stopped in future.	Total of Columns 12 and 13.	From Column 11 remaining as sinecure, deducting Column 14.	Remarks.
		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Bangalore													
	... Patels ...	6,069	4 0 ...	...	...	...	...	4 0 ...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Shanbhogs	7,195	0 0	3,811	4 0	2,113	8 0	6,069	4 0	...	...	...	...	
	Total	13,264	4 0	3,811	4 0	2,113	8 0	6,069	4 0	...	...	...	...	
				3,456	0 0	1,342	8 0	3,955	12 0	2,113	8 0	6,069	4 0	...
				7,267	4 0	5,153	12 0	2,194	8 0	1,273	12 0	3,955	12 0	2,113
				3,726	12 0	3,387	4 0	6,150	4 0	3,726	12 0	7,195	0 0	5,153
				13,961	4 0	84	5 0	42	4 0	68	12 0	111	0 0	42
													4 0	

(General Serial No. 29.)



17

From The Dy Commissioner
Bangalore District

(5)

To

The Secretary to the ~~Chief Commissioner~~
of Mysore, Department.

Dated 14th December
Despatched
Received

Enclosures No. 1

General No. 699 } 1882-83.
No.

Recommending that the Services of Hobly Shanbhogue be dispensed with.

(18)

Dec 6 94.

Enc: 1

Hy: Commissioner's Office
Bengalore City
Dated 14th December 1894.
Camp Budihal.

To
The Secretary to the Govt
of Mysore.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit
herewith a Cash Statement
Public Buildings in my Charge
on the Establishments of certain Subordi-
nate Officers out of Cash Savings
for months - a List of Items of
expenditure.

2. Formerly, these Establish-
ments were sanctioned for, one lump sum
allotted in Cash, and entered in Cash
and Budget - On 30th the Deputy
Commissioner of Tumkur recom-

vided to the Commissioner
that Mandays were given
for the services of this class
of servants of his Establishment
not required. Thereupon the
Division Commissioner called
for a list of the Mandays
to the Bungalow Establishment
was submitted, but no orders
were received. The Accounts Oc-
-cured - they were not settled upto
hence the practice of submitting monthly
of Establishment bearing each Govern-
-ment only.

3. The Divisional Engineer
recommended the retention of the
services of Khalasi Mandays stating
that as he has to assist the
Executive Engineer, some of the

also assisting the
I am, however, of
these men in addition
service to Government
they are paid, and
are entitled by the
In the interests of
it appears advisable
Kotki Shanbhags shou
be retained, and their
should be dispensed
fair compensation and
of more than Rs.
treaty to Government
4. Enquiries are no
-certain, whether such
are borne on the Establ
-ment of Municipal
-ferred to this District,

(21

further communication will be made, if necessary.

Thanking you,

I am,

Your most obedient servant,

Deputy Commissioner.

1192

Roll of the existing Hobli Shanbhogs of the Bangalore District

(22

No	Taluk	Hobli	Name of Shanbogue	Monthly Salary		
1	Bangalore	Hengary	Rammana	6	"	"
	"	"	Krishnappa	4	"	"
2	Yellamungala	Yellamungal	Annappa	1	8	"
	"	Sondekoppa	Balakrishna Rao	2	8	"
3	Magadi	Magady	Timmappa	1	4	"
	"	Tumsundra	Ramiah	1	4	"
	"	Satnur	Chendrashakriah	1	4	"
	"	"	Venkatsooliah	1	3	"
	"	Gudemarnhully	Venkatappa	1	3	"
	"	Irotagondahully	Chennappa	1	3	"
4	Closepet	Closepet	Ram Rau	2	6	9
		Ramgery	Garulapurriah	2	6	9
		Kungal	Lutchmi Ramiah	2	6	9
		Makali	Vittalmurriah	2	6	9
		Byramungala	Venkatsooliah	2	6	9
			Total	33	6	9

Bangalore District
Dy: Comrs Office
Camp Chickballa
14 Dcer 1882

Deputy Commissioner

(General Serial No. 31.)

1883.

(2.3 (6)

From L.R-47-82-2

To Sir D Wilson Bayswater DC

Dated 5
Despatched 3 Jany
Received 7 Jany

Enclosures No.

General No. 605-4
No. 328

Sir's No 699. dated 14th Octr.
recommending that the Services
of the Four Chamberlains be
dispensed with -

With reference to the above,
request to be informed whether
the Chamberlains shewn in the
List as in Service are the
descendants of old Chamberlains
and the families in contemplation
by grant of their Emoluments
or are any of them new
creations.

for Secy

1883 24

From The Commissioner
Bangalore Distt.

To The Dewan
Secretary to ~~Chief Commissioner~~ of Mysore,

Department.

L. dis-47-82-3.

Dated
Despatched 6-3-83
Received 9 December.

Enclosures No. 1 Kowlitters

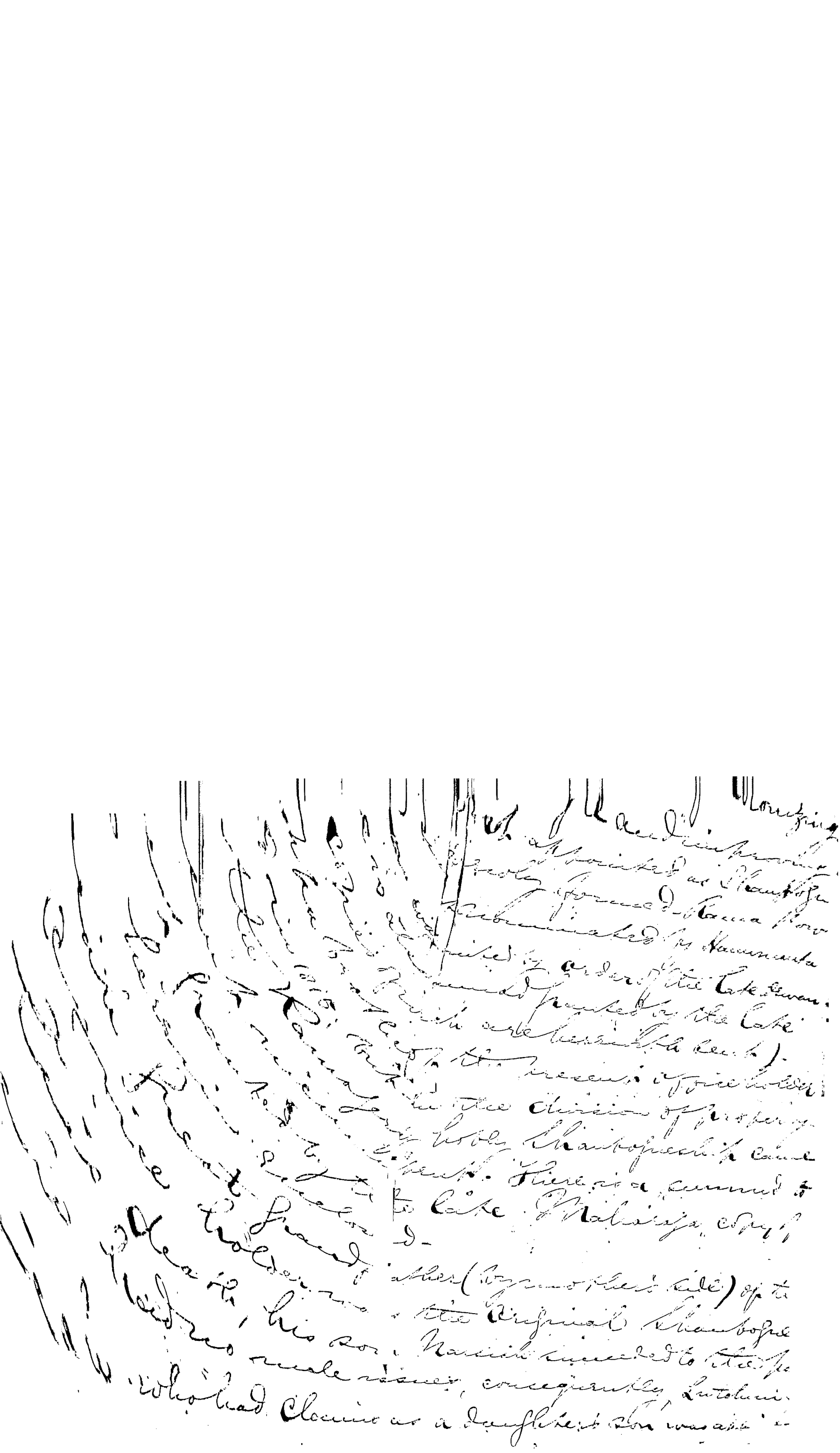
General No. 2900 } 1883—87
No.

Secretary's Ltr 6054/328 of 5th January 1883 requesting information as regards the claims of the Hobli Shanbhogues in the District.

Have the honor to submit a revised list of the Shanbhogues, giving all available information required.

2. The original petitions of Amildars are also enclosed

Not found
15-8-21



Roll of the existing

Taluk	Hobli	Name of the Village
Bangalore	Kengeri	Kannamangala
		Kuntiganahalli
		Kannapura
		Lakkasandra
		Bada Kannamangala
		Rampura
Magadi	Magadi	Thimmapura
	Thirumani	Kamalapura
	Latnur	Chandrasekharapura

Lafuda Ruca Lakshmi

G. Damodar Reddy Venkatha
(Married)
Lakshmi Jandhyala

Mokka Jandhalli Chinnamma

Cherukuri Ramana Murthy

Ramaiah Gurla Parvathi

Kunjal Lakshmi

The Petition was filed by one Lovick Drake, the Commissioner appointed to the Registration of this office. The Petitioner requested to the Office in Nyeri under Court Commissioner's Instructions to make a Petition. To register to make Petition.

The Office officer in charge has been by his duties. The first time to the office & Tuesday there by the Civil Office who are joining to the Office! In #3, it was decided that the Petitioner should perform the duty - & that time, Enough does not Entitle Parties to Commence, Each Person pay

"Abracadabra"
by Commissioner

30

— d° —
(Vattas Chan
Vijie)

Vue Saramiab

Amra Khan Kamial

Bon pour vingt
Dix francs d'Indochine
le 4 décembre 1903.

during Nawabi life time of the deceased
owned no property, but he is the deceased
husband.

The office learned that the present
petitioner is succession, and no
one forthcoming to claim her the affirm
first created.

In 1915, Venkatachinna was the
during his lifetime, his first wife
Subbaja the daughter of Chockalah which
was the daughter of Pinjala Venkanna
a lawful & this Effect passed in
Sreeharaja (Cruz) which is herein re

The office learned on inquiry
made on Exparte petitioner at Cum
the late Jaikaiyaji in (Anjina). As the
incumbent is not qualified to perform
Encantachinna was appointed as Sa
agreeably the office holder by the
Power in 1877.

The office appears that the
the time of his decease for many
present incumbent succeeded his
years ago. His father is reported to
the account succeeded by Rajagopala
Chetti. Employed does not reside on
Emoluments but does pay. He has no
heir to his land.

Venkatachinna the present Ch
pacific son who is a minor, and
he not known. The office recommend
he be

[illegible]

39

Ina Kli Pattu Narasa 2 69

Byamma Venkatadri

Veerapachiyan Venkatappa
(Kuckdar)
Brother of Devanayaka
Venkata Krishnaiah
(officiator)

ijal Kodhandaramaiah Gangadharaiah
(Kalagara Nagappa
Shanbogue)

— do — Venkatachiah
(Kalagara (Kuckdar No 2)
Shanbogue)